THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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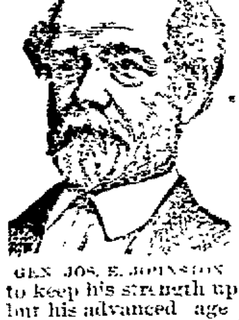
GEN. J. E. JOHNSTON

Dies at His Residence in Washington City.

HEART TROUBLE THE CAUSE.

The Distinguished Confederate Soon Follows Sherman, to Whom He Surrendered After a Vain Attempt to Check His March on Richmond from the South.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Gen. Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock Saturday night, at his residence, on Connecticut avenue. The general has been suffering for the past three weeks with affection of the heart, aggravated by a cold he caught soon after Gen. Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep his strength up for some days, but his advanced age has given little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.



GEN. JOS. E. JOHNSTON.

The general did not seem to suffer in the least and was conscious to the last. At his bedside were ex-Governor McLane, of Maryland, the general's brother-in-law, and the nurse. The immediate cause of death was heart failure, the result of degeneration of the heart, due in a measure to a cold contracted some weeks ago, but more particularly due to extreme old age. At times for about two years Gen. Johnston has shown unmistakable signs of a general breaking down. His mind often became bewildered so that he could not tell where he was or how he came there.

Some days after the Sherman funeral the general one night got up out of his bed while in a state of profuse perspiration, which greatly aggravated the slight cold which he was then suffering. This brought on a severe attack of his old heart trouble which completely prostrated him. His physician, Dr. Lincoln, succeeded, however, with much difficulty in arresting the disease for a time, and for a day or two prior to a week ago Friday, he seemed to be really improving. On that day, however, he went down stairs without assistance, as he had done before, but it proved too much for his strength, and only with the aid of Governor McLane could he again reach his bed, or even rise from the sofa where he was sitting.

From that time he continued to grow worse until about 6 o'clock in the evening when Dr. Lincoln found him perfectly comfortable and apparently a little better. While his friends and attendants knew that he might pass away at any time, yet they had had no warning that the end was so near. Governor McLane entered the room at a little after 11 o'clock and as he approached the general's bedside he heard an almost inaudible sigh, and the general was dead.

Gen. Johnston's nearest living relative was a sister, Mrs. Mitchell, who lives in this city.

The funeral services will be held in this city, although the day has not been fixed upon. The interment will be made in Greenmount cemetery in Baltimore.

Gen. Johnston was the last, save Gen. Beauregard, of the six full generals of the Confederacy. He was born at Cherry Grove, Va., in 1807, and was graduated from West Point in 1828, in the same class with Gen. Robert E. Lee. He was appointed second lieutenant of the Fourth artillery and first saw active service in the field in 1832 in the Black Hawk Indian expedition. He was promoted in 1836 and was an aide-de-camp on Gen. Winfield Scott's staff in the Seminole war. He participated in all the important battles connected with Gen. Scott's campaigns in Mexico from the taking of Vera Cruz to the capture of the City of Mexico. He was thrice brevetted for gallantry during this war, and in 1848 was mustered out of the service as a lieutenant colonel of volunteers, only to be reinstated by congress with his original rank of captain of topographical engineers.

He was commissioned quartermaster general United States army in June, 1860, but resigned the following April to enter the Confederate service in which as a major general of volunteers he assisted Gen. Lee in the work of organizing the men who were pouring into Richmond. Subsequently he was commissioned a brigadier general in the regular Confederate service and was placed in command of Harper's Ferry. He joined forces with Beauregard and remained in command of the consolidated troops until 1862. At the battle of Seven Pines he was wounded and incapacitated for duty for about six months. His next service was as commander of the Army of the Tennessee. He employed the winter of 1863 to reorganize his command, which had become demoralized by the defeat at Missionary Ridge. He was relieved of this command in July, 1864, by order of the authorities at Richmond, Gen. Hood succeeding him.

Early in 1865 Gen. Lee again assigned him to the command from which he had been relieved, and ordered him to drive back Sherman. Gen. Johnston urged Lee to abandon Richmond, join forces with him and fight Sherman before Grant could come up, but Lee replied that it was impossible for him to leave Virginia, as his force was small. Gen. Johnston, declining a decisive engagement, hung on Sherman's flanks, annoying the latter and impeding his march from Atlanta towards Richmond as much as possible. Lee surrendered at Appomattox, and Johnston, obtaining the consent of President Jefferson Davis that the war should not be further prolonged, entered into negotiations with Sherman.

The first agreement framed was disapproved by the Federal government, and on April 26 a second agreement was concluded. Gen. Johnston, after the war, became successively president of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to congress from the Richmond district in 1877, and next saw public life as commissioner of railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's administration. He had lived in this city since he lost his office under the present administration.

In person Gen. Johnston was a man of splendid build, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face. He was unobtrusive in manner, and invariably courteous to all persons with whom he was brought in contact.

BATTLE WITH BURGLARS.

One Officer Instantly Killed and Another Seriously Wounded.

PITTSBURG, March 23.—Three months ago Rupert's jewelry store at Homestead, Pa., was robbed of several thousand dollars worth of goods by a man and woman. A few days later Skelly's dry goods store at McKeesport was robbed of a quantity of silks and other valuables. It was supposed by the same persons. Both cases were placed in the hands of the Gilkerson detective agency in this city. The detectives located the supposed thieves, and at 7 o'clock Saturday evening Chief Detective G. H. Gilkerson and his assistant, P. J. Murphy, went to Bull Run, a small mining village near McKeesport, to arrest a man named Fitzsimmons, suspected of the burglaries.

The moment the officers entered Fitzsimmons' house and arrested him his wife, from the folds of her dress, handed her husband a self-acting revolver. Fitzsimmons began shooting at once, and at the first shot Gilkerson fell dead with a bullet in his brain. There was a regular fusilade between Detective Murphy, Fitzsimmons and his wife, which continued until their weapons were emptied. When the firing ceased, Fitzsimmons was lying on the floor bleeding from several wounds, while Detective Murphy was also badly hurt and somewhat dazed, having received a shot in his left shoulder, another in his breast and a deep furough ploughed through his chin by a third shot. The woman stood by like an infuriated animal at bay uninjured with an empty pistol in her grasp.

A crowd soon collected. Detective Murphy placed Mrs. Fitzsimmons under guard, and she was taken to McKeesport jail. Before Detective Murphy had fully recovered from the shock and the excitement, Fitzsimmons jumped from the room, and under cover of the darkness made his escape to the river mountains.

A searching party was at once organized and went in pursuit of the murderer. Late last night he was captured near Homestead, Pa.

A satchel found near the scene of Saturday night's murder contained a lot of jewelry stolen at Homestead. A copy of the will of Robert Fitzsimmons, dated at Brockville, Ont., December 10, 1890, was also found in the valise. This will shows that the murderer's father was a wealthy man, having about $80,000 in money to divide among his heirs beside a large amount of real estate. The murderer is named in the will as Frederick Carrollton Fitzsimmons and is bequeathed $8,000 in money and a good share of real share.

Dr. Black was called, and accompanied Detective Murphy and the remains of Chief Gilkerson to McKeesport.

Murphy's wounds are more serious than at first supposed, but he will probably recover. Fitzsimmons and his wife are comparatively unknown here, and are believed to be a pair of New York crooks. Mrs. Fitzsimmons was seen in the jail, but refused to make any statement.

MURDERED BY A MADMAN.

An Insane West Virginian Decapitates His Wife With an Ax.

WHEELING, W. Va., March 23.—Thursday night, in Marshall county, twenty miles from Wheeling, Newton Richmond, a prominent and wealthy farmer, quareled with his wife because she had left the scissors lying on the floor, and, going to the wood-pile, got an ax and started to the house. His brother interfered, when Newton attacked him with the ax, driving him away. His mother also tried to pacify him, when he drove her out of the house, cutting her slightly. He then cut off his wife's head and hacked her body shockingly. Neighbors brought by the brother found him a raving maniac. Since then he has been chained to staples driven in the floor, and his ravings are frightful.

Desperate Fight With Outlaws.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., March 23.—A party of Chickasaw reservation marshals had a desperate fight with outlaws Saturday. The outlaws were cornered in a house and opened fire on the approaching officers. The fire was returned with fatal effect, killing Alexander Davis, one of the pursued. Two others, Bill Poe and John Chester, were captured after desperate resistance. The marshals also lost one of their party, Rev. Perkins, a preacher who accompanied them, being shot and killed by the outlaws. The prisoners were brought in safety and lodged in jail.

Monmouth Race Course to Close.

NEW YORK, March 23.—The New Jersey legislature, which came to an end Friday failed to make any provision for legitimate racing in New Jersey. As a result of this failure Monmouth park, the leading racing association in America, the oldest of tracks now in operation in the east, has decided to close its gates. The meeting at which the sensational decision was reached was held Friday in this city. It was strictly a private affair. Every one at the meeting expressed himself vigorously opposed to races in defiance of the law as it is now expressed and interpreted.

THE MAFIA PLOT.

It Will Be Revealed by Two Italians

IN THE NEW ORLEANS JAIL.

This Fact Has Created a Great Deal of Excitement in the Italian Quarters of the City—Secret Meeting of Italians in New Orleans Yesterday—Progress Made by the Grand Jury.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—The promised expose of the Mafia plot, which ended in the assassination of Chief Hennessy, by Sunzeri and Natali, two of the Italian prisoners now in jail, has caused a great deal of excitement in the Italian quarters. Yesterday afternoon a secret meeting was held in an old building near Congo square, which was attended by a hundred Italians, who discussed the report for nearly an hour.

The police have information that the subject of Saturday's lynching was taken up and certain phases of it debated, but they have not been able to learn whether or not any threats were made. It is claimed that both Sunzeri and Natali have already told the most of their story to Attorney General Rogers and two members of the committee of safety, and they have consented to repeat it to the grand jury whenever that body gets ready to have them.

When the grand jury resumes its inquiry into the jury bribing matter today, it will have the stories of the Hennessy jurors who have been accused of having been bribed by O'Malley. The object of this investigation, it is given out, is to get at all the men who were associated with O'Malley, and particularly the ones who are believed to have employed him to fix juries.

Governor Nicholls' long expected reply to Secretary Blaine's telegram, demanding a report of the Saturday uprising, has been written at last and left for Washington on Saturday night's mail. From all that can be learned about the letter, it will not give Mr. Blaine either a great deal of satisfaction or a great deal of news.

NO WONDER THE CHURCH FELL IN

It Was Filled With Newspaper Men and Compositors.

DENVER, March 23.—A special to The Republican from Salt Lake City, Utah, says: A crash, almost a panic, and narrow escape from fatalities happened yesterday evening in St. Paul Episcopal church. Rector Lane was to preach to newspaper men and the house was packed by the fraternity and compositors.

The railroad element also was largely represented. Some 800 people had assembled, and the first stanza of the processional hymn had been sung when there was a succession of cracks and snaps underneath, then a crash and down went the floor with the enormous weight of living humanity. Fortunately the floor could sink but two feet and the newspaper men maintained such presence of mind that, beyond a few women being badly squeezed, there was no one seriously hurt.

RESIDENCE BURNED.

The Owner's Body Found in the Ruins. Foul Play Suspicioned.

FRANKLIN, Pa., March 23.—About 5 o'clock Sunday morning the residence of N. P. Tobin was burned and shortly after the body of Tobin was found in the ruins. There is a suspicion that Tobin was murdered by burglars and the house burned to conceal the crime.

Twenty years ago Tobin was brought from Canada to Franklin to whip Ben Hogan, then an oil region terror, but one evening he wandered into a Methodist prayer meeting and before he left was converted, and has since lived an earnest life and has successfully conducted a leading tailoring establishment. He leaves a family, who were visiting in New Castle, Pa. Several arrests have been made.

Mr. Tobin was the father of Mary Tobin, the young woman who was found drowned in New York harbor in May, 1889.

Supposed Pauper Worth Thousands.

GALENA, Ill., March 23.—The estate of Christian Rausch, a supposed pauper, who dropped dead on one of the streets of this city three days ago, will inventory, it is now thought, upward of $20,000 in cash, government bonds, notes, and other valuable securities. Rausch had long been supported by charity before his death, and for a short time was an inmate of the county house. The fortune left by him was found stowed away in different places in his hovel of a home, and search is being made for other valuables which are thought to be secreted on the premises. The estate will be inherited by an impecunious son who lives in Wisconsin.

Prohibitionists Wild With Indignation.

SIOUX FALLS, Iowa, March 23.—The town is all torn up over a new departure in the whisky cases. George N. Chapman, a detective in the employ of the state enforcement league, was bailed out, and while on his way to a prohibition banquet, was knocked down with a stone within a few steps from the Commercial house, where the banquet was held. Mayor Peck has offered a reward of fifty dollars for the apprehension of the culprit. The prohibitionists are wild with indignation.

Opera House Burned.

DETROIT, Minn., March 23.—Holmes' opera house block was discovered to be on fire about 9 o'clock Sunday morning. The fire was kindled under the stage in the opera hall on the second floor. Mr. Holmes' loss is estimated at $40,000, insured for $25,000. He is at Hot Springs, Ark. The drug store of J. A. Teanges was pulled down as a cautionary measure. No one doubts incendiary origin.

CROP BULLETIN.

Special Reports Issued by the Chief Signal Office.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The weekly crop bulletin for the week ending yesterday, issued by the signal office, says:

Cold weather has continued during the week generally throughout the northern states, over which the ground is generally frozen and spring work delayed. In the northwest the ground is generally covered with snow, which is disappearing rapidly and which will furnish a sufficient moisture in the spring wheat region to assure an excellent start for the crop.

The weather was favorable throughout the fall wheat region, extending from Virginia and Ohio westward to Kansas and Nebraska, over which the conditions are reported as favorable and prospects excellent. Farm work is in progress as far south as Kentucky, Missouri and southern Kansas, although the season is backward. In New England the weather was unfavorable for sugar making, but favorable for fruit, the latter conditions extending over the fruit regions of the middle Atlantic states, where the low temperature occurred in time to delay the budding fruit trees without injury.

The week was cold in the South Atlantic states and too much rain has retarded farm work. Frost injured early vegetables in southern Virginia on the 16th. North Carolina reports winter wheat and oats in good condition, and South Carolina reports little work yet accomplished.

Generally throughout the cotton region the week has been the most favorable of the season. Corn planting is being pushed vigorously, and ground is being prepared for cotton, except in Texas, where cotton planting is well under way, and grain doing well. The week was very favorable in Arkansas and Tennessee, where conditions are all reported favorable, work is progressing rapidly and fruit generally uninjured.

The special telegrams have not been received from the Pacific coast, but the weather during the week, as shown by daily reports, was generally favorable, well distributed showers having occurred throughout California, and heavy rains on the north Pacific coast.

NOT READY FOR STEAM.

A Story Connected With the Public Engraving and Printing Denied.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Capt. Meredith, chief of the bureau of engraving and printing, speaking of the story published to the effect that the increased demand for internal revenue stamps would necessitate the use of steam presses in the bureau, said that there was no danger of steam presses being placed in the bureau in the place of hand presses.

In the first place steam presses could not be used if desired, as the law provides that the work of the bureau shall be done by hand presses. It is true, however, he said, that the demand for internal revenue stamps had increased to such an extent that it was necessary to work the presses several hours a day to meet the demands of the treasury department.

The bureau is now working 266 hand presses eleven hours a day, and as soon as the new building is completed, will put in 125 new hand presses. The weather permitting, the new building will be completed about the 1st of July, and with this extension and increased force, Capt. Meredith expects to be able to meet the demands of the treasury department promptly. There has been no conflict between Capt. Meredith and the printers, and they have joined him willingly in his effort to meet the increased demand for stamps.

Acting Secretary Nettleton said today that he had no idea of substituting steam presses for hand presses in the bureau of engraving and printing. He knew of no foundation, he said, for the newspaper reports to that effect.

BOILED IN ACID.

Frightful Death of a Workman at Middletown, N. Y.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 22.—A sad accident occurred at the Mandeville wood acid works at Livingston manor, Sullivan county, Friday. In converting the crude acid the fiery liquid is boiled at a high temperature in big iron kettles. George Huftelin, aged 28, made a misstep and fell into the boiling acid up to his neck. A fellow-workman named Reiman sprang to his assistance and dragged him out of the fiery bath. He died shortly after in intense agony. He leaves a wife and four children. Reiman was badly burned about the hands and forearms and may be disabled for life.

Through an Open Switch.

LOUISVILLE, March 23.—The Louisville and Nashville cannon ball Cincinnati-New Orleans express, southbound, leaving Louisville at 2:45 p. m., while running at a high rate of speed, ran through an open switch and into a loaded box car on a side track near East Louisville, just beyond the city limits, demolishing the engine, baggage and express cars and three coaches. Engineer George Burgess was killed and Fireman Alfred Erickson seriously injured. None of the passengers were hurt, and they all proceeded to their destinations as soon as a new train could be made up.

Died of a Broken Heart.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 23.—John W. Houghtaling, aged 66, the conductor of the train which was wrecked on the Lake Shore road at East Hamburg, last April, in which several lives were lost, and who was indicted for manslaughter in connection therewith, but was acquitted, died at his home in this city yesterday. The terrible affair and his subsequent indictment, preyed on him to such an extent that his friends say he died of a broken heart.

Railroad President Dead.

BOSTON, March 23.—Levi C. Wade, president of the Mexican Central railroad, died at his residence in Newton, Saturday morning, aged 49 years.

OHIO STATE NEWS.

Dispatches Detailing Important Happenings.

SOME CENSUS STATISTICS.

Ohio is the Third State in Population if the Votes During the Past Five Years Count for Anything—A Comparison With Illinois—Social Sensation in Upper Sandusky—Serious Fire Loss at Gallipolis—Other Happenings in the Buckeye State.

COLUMBUS, O., March 23.—A gentleman in the secretary of state's office, who makes a study of figures, gives it as his opinion that Chicago "stuffed the census," and that Ohio is still the third state in population. He draws attention to the fact that since 1880 Ohio has every two years cast almost 100,000 more votes than has Illinois. Following are the number of votes cast in each state for the respective years:

	Ohio	Illinois
1882	685,695	528,529
1884	785,691	672,670
1886	733,967	572,138
1888	841,911	748,441
1890	742,184	676,133

The population of Ohio, according to the recent census, is 3,672,316, while that of Illinois is 3,826,351—an excess of the latter over the former of 154,035.

Two explanations are suggested: First, that the people of Ohio take more interest in politics than do those of Illinois, and exercise their right of the franchise more generally; and secondly, that there is an enormous foreign element in Chicago who have not yet obtained naturalization.

Brutal Murder and Attempted Suicide.

ZANESVILLE, O., March 23.—A special to The Times-Recorder from Caldwell, O., says: Another brutal murder and attempt at suicide was committed here Saturday night at 7 o'clock. George Harris, frenzied with drink and jealousy, cut his wife's throat from ear to ear with a razor, completely severing the windpipe. He then cut his own throat, but did not succeed in ending his life. He was arrested, and is in danger of being lynched. A few years ago Harris was arraigned on a charge of lunacy, but was not taken to the asylum on account of his wife and mother interceding in his behalf. They leave four small children.

Fire Loss at Gallipolis.

GALLIPOLIS, O., March 23.—The total loss of the Fuller & Hutsinpiller company by fire Friday night will not be less than $40,000, instead of $30,000, as reported by your correspondent: insurance $15,000. The whole of the main building, which contained the machinery, was entirely destroyed. The company will commence to rebuild immediately. They have already secured temporary quarters for manufacturing, and will continue to fill all orders received.

Kissed and Made Up.

UPPER SANDUSKY, O., March 23.—A few weeks since Mrs. Charles Reisterer, a highly connected Mifflin township lady, created a great sensation by eloping from home with a negro. It was alleged that her husband sued for a divorce, and a week or so later Mrs. Reisterer returned to this city and asked to be reinstated in her husband's household. The latter raised objections, but Saturday the divorce proceedings were settled, and all is serene again.

A Veteran Gets His Bounty.

DAYTON, O., March 23.—John O. Kimmel, a veteran of the late war, recovered his bounty money by mandamus proceedings before Judge Elliott Saturday. The money was promised him by the trustees of Jefferson township when he volunteered. The suit was for $100, with damages and costs, and was a test case for the recovery of bounty promised by townships during the war.

Cincinnati Republican Ticket.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—The Republican city convention met Saturday at Workmen's hall and nominated the following ticket: Mayor, John B. Mosby; judge superior court, Rufus B. Smith; judge police court, Ellis B. Gregg, corporation counsel, Theodore Horstman; city auditor, Daniel W. Brown; city treasurer, Henry M. Ziegler; justice of peace, Edward J. Tyrrell.

A Swindling Spiritualist.

DAYTON, O., March 23.—Hugh Moore, a spiritualist of this city, was giving a seance at Farmersville last night when he slipped a cog in his apparatus somehow, and failed to call up the departed spirit as he promised. He was exposed by the audience, and a mob was soon in pursuit of him. He fled to this city and doubtlessly saved his life.

Cutting the Price of Fuel Oil.

FINDLAY, O., March 23.—The Standard and Manhattan oil companies have been having a great war in this field over shipping fuel oil to manufacturers. In order to crush out the Manhattan the Standard has cut the price of fuel oil to twenty cents a barrel delivered anywhere. The price to producers remains forty cents.

Bad Job by a Would-Be Suicide.

DAYTON, O., March 23.—Burnett Rody, the brakeman on the Dayton and Union railroad who, in a fit of despondency, shot himself Friday night, is still alive. The bullet hit him squarely in the forehead, but did not enter the brain. Rody then cut his throat with a razor, but made a poor job out of it.

Store Robbed.

LIMA, O., March 23.—The general store of P. Glynn, at the village of Glynwood, was burglarized Friday night and goods to the amount of $200 were taken.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

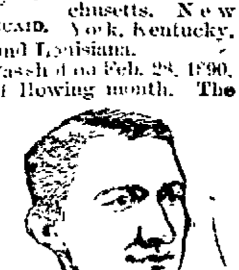
KINCAID'S TRIAL.

It Will Be Begun To-Day and Will Attract Widespread Attention.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The trial of Charles E. Kincaid for the killing of ex-Congressman Taulbee, of Kentucky, will open here to-day. The trial will attract widespread attention, as the witnesses come from such distant and widely separated parts of the country as Massachusetts, New York, Kentucky, Ohio, Alabama and Louisiana.

CHARLES E. KINCAID.

Mr. Taulbee was shot on Feb. 28, 1890, and died in the following month. The shooting grew out of a trouble which had existed between him and Kincaid for nearly two years and it was started by the publication by Kincaid, who was a resident newspaper correspondent, of an article about Taulbee of a sensational nature. This story appeared one morning in the newspapers of Washington, and as it concerned Kentucky people, Kincaid, who represented The Louisville Times, an afternoon paper, telegraphed it to that paper, as well as to The New York Morning Journal, one of the papers wiring him for the story.



WILLIAM P. TAULBEE.

The two affidavits filed in the criminal court relating to the summoning of witnesses indicate that the plea of self-defense will be made, as it is stated that the witnesses are to prove that Taulbee had made threats against Kincaid. Twenty-five witnesses for the government and about the same number for the defense will probably cause the trial to be prolonged for a week at least.

LUNATIC AT LARGE.

In a Fit of Delirium He Jumps Through a Window in the White House.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Harry Martin, a stepson of Senator Vance, of North Carolina, jumped through the blinds and window of the red room in the executive mansion Saturday night at 9 o'clock in one leap, and landed prone upon the floor. The crash of breaking glass attracted the attention of Officers Dubois and Manley on duty, who at once rushed into the room. There, sprawling upon the floor lay a large well formed man, dressed only in pants, undershirt and shoes. He had been slightly stunned by his fall, but upon the approach of the officers immediately began an attack upon them.

After a severe struggle, in which Martin was almost divested of his clothes, he had on he was overpowered and ropes being brought he was bound hand and foot and sent to the first precinct police station in the police ambulance. The struggle in overcoming Martin created the greatest uproar and the president rushed down the stairs from the second story where he was sitting with his family and witnessed the struggle. He had seized a heavy cane as he came and stood by ready to render the officers assistance if needed. While being bound Martin uttered the most foul language which could be heard all over the house.

The affair made Mrs. Harrison and the ladies of the mansion very nervous during the remainder of the evening. Martin is a well known young man about down and quite popular in society and club circles. He has been drinking freely of late, and Saturday night was bordering on delirium tremens. He had escaped from some friends, scaled the fence in the rear of the White House grounds, traversed the grounds on a dead run, ascended the winding stairs in the rear of the executive mansion and bounded into the room.

Martin is confined in a cell in the station house. His friends express the deepest mortification at his escapade.

THE MONON NOT SOLD.

No Foundation for the Brice Syndicate Purchase Rumor.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 23.—Gen. Samuel Thomas, of the Lake Erie and Western, is in town. He denies that there is any foundation to the rumored purchase of the Monon route by the Brice syndicate. He said there was no foundation for such a deal. Negotiations were pending with New York capitalists for a loan, and he and Mr Greenough were examining the Monon property as representatives of the capitalists.

General Traffic Manager Parker, of the Lake Erie and Western, denies having made any statement in regard to the purchase of the Monon as reported from Chicago.

Struck It Rich.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., March 23.—Saturday afternoon the Maddox well in the Montpelier oil field, north of this city, was drilled and is good for 150 barrels a day. It is the best well so far in the field.

VANDERBILT'S GREENHOUSES.

Eleven on the "Idle Hour" Farm Burned. Loss Between $75,000 and $100,000.

ISLIP, L. I., March 23.—Eleven large greenhouses belonging to the celebrated "Idle Hour" farm of William K. Vanderbilt, were burned Saturday morning. The loss is estimated at from $75,000 to $100,000.

The fire started in one of the greenhouses by an explosion of a portion of the heating apparatus. Only a few plants and ferns were saved. The most valuable were destroyed. They contained many plants of ferns, some of them 200 years old. The celebrated rose house was also included in the loss. This was said to contain the finest specimen of roses in the country.

Should be Punished Same as Murder.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., March 23.—H. W. Booth, of Erie, Pa., a student at the Michigan university here, last night shot George Stoll, motor man on the Ypsilanti motor line. While returning from Ypsilanti Booth was on the front platform and insisted on the motor man backing up the car so he could get off the front platform on the crossing. This request was refused and a discussion followed, during which Booth pulled a revolver and fired. The ball passed through Stoll's clothing and penetrated his abdomen, but did no serious damage. Booth was arrested.

Growing Sensational.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., March 23.—The Bork-Bradley burglary case is assuming a rather sensational aspect by the fact that the girl took poison yesterday morning with suicidal intent. The general belief here now is that she either did the whole business herself or with the aid of an accomplice, who did it in a bungling manner. J. H. Witherspoon, who Miss Bork implicated in the burglary, is thought to be innocent of the crime.

Double Murder.

DALLAS, Tex., March 23.—At Mesquite Friday two farmers, Ike Allen and James Weatherford, engaged in a fight, the result of some misunderstanding. Allen became so enraged that he drew a knife and cut Weatherford's throat, so badly that he will die. Weatherford's brother, who was on the scene, immediately shot Allen dead. Weatherford is now in custody.

Jockey Killed.

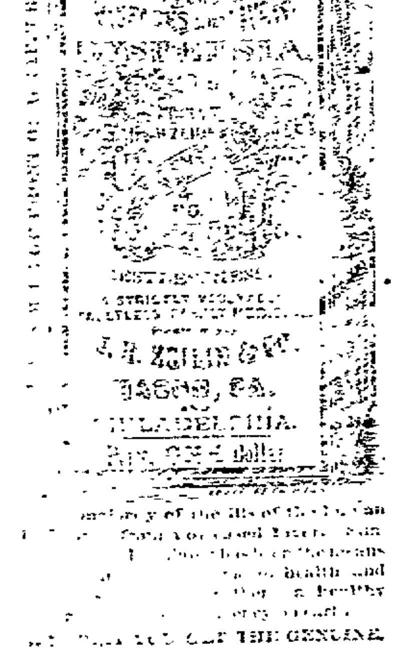
GUTTENBERG, N. J., March 23.—Jockey Decker, who has been one of the foremost riders of race horses at this track during the winter meeting, was instantly killed while alighting from a moving train on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad at Westchester yesterday.

Held for Murder.

COLUMBUS, Ind., March 23.—Lyman N. Goldsmith, who, on March 12, shot R. T. Skillman inflicting a wound from which he died early Friday morning, was brought back from Louisville Saturday afternoon and placed in jail on a charge of murder in the first degree.

Everybody Knows

That at this season the blood is filled with impurities, the accumulation of months of close confinement in poorly ventilated stores, workshops and tenements. All these impurities and every trace of scrofula, salt rheum, or other diseases may be expelled by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier ever produced. It is the only medicine of which "100 doses one dollar" is true.



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MONDAY, - - - - MARCH 23

There was a good deal said last spring about high rents and the damaging results that were sure to follow the greedy efforts of property owners to extort every dollar possible from tenants. The reaction is somewhat apparent this year. The high prices have lessened the demand and there are a good many buildings that may remain vacant. These same properties would be far more profitable at a steady, fair price, than high figures part of the time and vacancy the rest of it. And a city with vacant properties does not appear well.

In justice to the newspapers it should be stated that they are not rightly responsible for what appears in them concerning opera or theatre companies and their plays, except the comments after a performance. The press quotations, false or real, that go with other reading locals ahead of a performance are advertisements. They are often misleading, but the newspapers do not learn this until the fraud blossoms on the stage in the shape of a rocky performance. Most of the copied press notices of traveling theaters, we regret to say, must be taken with a grain of salt.

ODDS AND ENDS.

If some men waited to be struck with an idea they would never be hit in the world.

It is a poor plan to kiss any one who has a cold of any kind or is sick in any way.

Over 38,000 copyrights were granted to American authors during the year 1890.

By common consent real respect of woman stands at its highest in the United States.

One of Philadelphia's well known teachers, Marmaduke Watson, has just retired after a service of fifty-four years in his profession

It is the gossip in Philadelphia that Rev. Dr. McVickar received $10,000 as a fee for the Astor-Willing wedding

When you would laugh go into the swim of the world. When you must weep retire to the seclusion of your own chamber.

A commission has been appointed in England to inquire into the effect of coal dust in originating or extending explosions in coal mines.

There is a bell before the temple of Amarapura, Burmah, which is hung, after the Japanese fashion, low down near the ground, and which weighs over eighty tons

The Rev. Dr. Theodore Cuyler has written a book on "How to Be a Pastor," in which he tells the best methods of looking after all sorts of church work, from visiting the sick to conducting revivals

Angles may be converted into curves by a proper diet and the breathing of fresh air Eat plenty of starchy food—fresh bread, potatoes, corn, beans, drink chocolate or, better still, milk. Eat puddings and as much fruit as you like

Unwelcome Magnetism.

In a recent lecture the well known electrician, Professor Nichols, was demonstrating the fact that an iron rod becomes a magnet by forcibly striking one end while holding the rod in a north and south direction By way of illustrating his remarks he told how while yachting several summers ago he was sailing from the Isle of Shoals toward the coast of Maine when it was noticed that a large mountain in Maine, a landmark, had unaccountably moved several points away from its natural position

Under the supposition that the compass was being affected in some way everything around it was moved away, but to no purpose The mountain refused to move until finally an umbrella which was laying near by was removed, when the mountain quickly moved back to where it belonged The umbrella as the owner walked along had evidently been tapped against the ground, which eventually caused the steel stays holding the cover to become quite strongly magnetized When placed near the compass a deflection of the compass of several points had taken place – New York Commercial Advertiser

A Heavy Rain

Young Inhabitant I never saw it rain harder than it did today

Old Inhabitant Today wasn't a circumstance to a rain we had once at Grass Lake I took my rowboat out to paint it and had it layin' on the ground bottom up drying when the storm come on. Well, would you believe it, the rain came down so thick that that ole boat th[illegible] she was in the water and we[illegible] bottom up.—Good News

Something in a Name

"W[illegible]
Th[illegible]
T[illegible]
A[illegible]
S[illegible]
I[illegible]
It you the same will designate
A labial concussion."
– Boston Courier

TABERNACLE PULPIT.

DR. TALMAGE PREACHES ON THE PLAGUE OF LIES.

This Is His Fifth Discourse in the Series on the Plagues of the Cities. Satan's Statement, "Ye Shall Not Surely Die," the Text.

New York, March 22. — The Plague of Lies was selected by Dr Talmage for the subject of the fifth of his discourses on "The Plagues of These Three Cities," which he preached today. Both at the morning service in Brooklyn and at the evening service under the auspices of The Christian Herald in New York the vast buildings were not large enough to hold more than one half the crowd who came to hear the sermon. His text was Genesis iii, 4, "Ye shall not surely die."

That was a point blank lie. Satan told it to Eve to induce her to put her semicircle of white, beautiful teeth into a forbidden apricot or plum or peach or apple. He practically said to her: "Oh, Eve, just take a bite of this and you will be omnipotent and omniscient. You shall be as gods." Just opposite was the result. It was the first lie that was ever told in our world. It opened the gate for all the falsehoods that have ever alighted on this planet. It introduced a plague that covers all nations, the plague of lies. Far worse than the plagues of Egypt, for they were on the banks of the Nile, but this on the banks of the Hudson, on the banks of the East river, on the banks of the Ohio, and the Mississippi, and the Thames, and the Rhine, and the Tiber, and on both sides of all rivers. The Egyptian plagues lasted only a few weeks, but for six thousand years has raged this plague of lies.

There are a hundred ways of telling a lie. A man's entire life may be a falsehood, while with his lips he may not once directly falsify. There are those who state what is positively untrue, but afterward say "may be" softly. These departures from the truth are called "white lies;" but there is really no such thing as a white lie.

SOME LIVES ARE ALL FALSEHOOD.

The whitest lie that was ever told was as black as perdition. No inventory of public crimes will be sufficient that omits this gigantic abomination. There are men high in church and state, actually useful, self denying and honest in many things, who, upon certain subjects and in certain spheres, are not at all to be depended upon for veracity. Indeed, there are many men and women who have their notions of truthfulness so thoroughly perverted that they do not know when they are lying. With many it is a cultivated sin, with some it seems a natural infirmity. I have known people who seemed to have been born liars. The falsehoods of their lives extended from cradle to grave. Prevarications, misrepresentations and dishonesty of speech appeared in their first utterances, and were as natural to them as any of their infantile diseases, and were a sort of moral croup or spiritual scarlatina. But many have been placed in circumstances where this tendency has day by day, and hour by hour, been called to larger development. They have gone from attainment to attainment and from class to class until they have become regularly graduated liars.

The air of the city is filled with falsehoods. They hang pendent from the chandeliers of our finest residences, they crowd the shelves of some of our merchant princes, they fill the sidewalk from curbstone to brownstone facing. They cluster around the mechanic's hammer and blossom from the end of the merchant's yardstick, and sit in the doors of churches. Some call them "fiction." Some style them "fabrication." You might say that they are subterfuge, disguise, delusion, romance, evasion, pretense, fable, deception, misrepresentation, but, as I am ignorant of anything to be gained by the hiding of a God defying outrage under a lexicographer's blanket, I shall chiefly call them what my father taught me to call them—lies.

CLASSIFICATION OF LIES.

I shall divide them into agricultural, mercantile, mechanical, ecclesiastical and social lies.

First, then, I will speak of those that are more particularly agricultural. There is something in the perpetual presence of natural objects to make a man pure. The trees never issue "false stock." Wheat fields are always honest. Rye and oats never move out in the night, not paying for the place they have occupied. Corn shocks never make false assignments. Mountain brooks are always "current." The gold on the grain is never counterfeit. The sunrise never flaunts [illegible] The dew sparkles only genuine diamonds. Taking farmers as a class, I believe they are truthful and [illegible] dealing [illegible] But [illegible] always [illegible] markets. Day by day [illegible] through our streets [illegible] market [illegible] not an honest [illegible] a truthful [illegible] board.

During the last few years [illegible] been [illegible] has [illegible] Nether[illegible] dry [illegible] [illegible] witnessed [illegible] many. By the quiet firesides in Westchester and Orange counties I hope there may be seasons of deep reflection and hearty repentance. Rural districts are accustomed to point at great cities as given up to fraud and every form of unrighteousness, but our cities do not absorb all the abominations. Our citizens have learned the importance of not always trusting to the size and style of apples in the top of the farmer's barrel as an indication of what may be found farther down. Many of our people are accustomed to watch and see how correctly a load of beets is measured, and there are not many honest milkcans.

Deceptions do not all cluster round city halls. When our cities sit down and weep over their sins, all the surrounding countries ought to come in and weep with them. There is often hostility on the part of producers against traders, as though the man who raises the corn was necessarily more honorable than the grain dealer, who pours it into his mammoth bin. There ought to be no such hostility. Yet producers often think it no wrong to snatch away from the trader, and they say to the bargainer "You get your money easy." Do they get it easy? Let those who in the quiet field and barn get their living exchange places with those who stand today amid the excitements of commercial life and see if they find it so very easy.

While the farmer goes to sleep with the assurance that his corn and barley will be growing all the night, moment by moment adding to his revenue, the merchant tries to go to sleep, conscious that that moment his cargo may be broken on the rocks, or damaged by the wave that sweeps clear across the hurricane deck, or that reckless speculators may that very hour be plotting some monetary revolution, or the burglars be prying open his safe, or his debtors fleeing the town, or his landlord raising the rent, or the fires kindling on the block that contains all his estates. Easy! Is it? God help the merchants! It is hard to have the palms of the hands blistered with outdoor work, but a more dreadful process when, through mercantile anxieties, the brain is consumed!

THE LIES OF THE TRADERS.

In the next place we notice mercantile lies—those before the counter and behind the counter. I will not attempt to specify the different forms of commercial falsehood. There are merchants who excuse themselves for deviation from truthfulness because of what they call commercial custom. In other words, the multiplication and universality of a sin turns it into a virtue. There have been large fortunes gathered where there was not one drop of unrequited toil in the wine; not one spark of bad temper flashing from the bronze bracket; not one drop of needle woman's heart blood in the crimson plush; while there are other great establishments in which there is not one door knob, not one brick, not one trinket, not one thread of lace, but has upon it the mark of dishonor. What wonder if some day a hand of toil that had been wrung, and worn out, and blistered until the skin came off, should be placed against the elegant wall paper, leaving its mark of blood—four fingers and a thumb; or that some day, walking the halls, there should be a voice accosting the occupant, saying, "Six cents for making a shirt," and, flying the room, another voice should say, "Twelve cents for an army blanket;" and the man should try to sleep at night, but ever and anon be aroused, until getting up on one elbow he should shriek out, "Who's there?"

One Sabbath night, in the vestibule of my church after service, a woman fell in convulsions. The doctor said she needed medicine not so much as something to eat. As she began to revive in her delirium she said gaspingly: "Eight cents! eight cents! eight cents! I wish I could get it done. I am so tired! I wish I could get some sleep, but I must get it done! Eight cents! eight cents!" We found afterward that she was making garments for eight cents apiece, and that she could make but three of them in a day! Three times eight are twenty-four! Hear it, men and women who have comfortable homes!

Some of the worst villains of the city are the employers of these women. They beat them down to the last penny and try to cheat them out of that. The woman must deposit a dollar or two before she gets the garments to work on. When the work is done it is sharply inspected, the most insignificant flaws picked out and the wages refused, and sometimes the dollar deposit is not given back. The Women's Protective union reports a case where one of these poor souls, finding a place where she could get more wages, resolved to change employers, and went to get her pay for work done. The employer says: "I hear you are going to leave me." "Yes," she said, "and I am come to get what you owe me." He made no answer. She said, "Are you going to pay me?" "Yes," he said, "I will pay you," and he kicked her down the stairs.

[illegible]

[illegible]

A[illegible] There is never a[illegible] Yet how many [illegible] day by day, hour by hour, utter what they know to be wrong. You say that you are selling at less than cost. If so, then it is right to say it. But did that cost you [illegible]? [illegible] what you ask for it? If not, then you have falsified. You say that that article cost you twenty-five dollars. Did it? If so, then all right. If it did not, then you have falsified.

Suppose you are a purchaser. You are "beating down" the goods. You say that that article for which five dollars is charged is not worth more than four. Is it worth no more than four dollars? Then all right. If it be worth more, and for the sake of getting it for less than its value you willfully depreciate you have falsified. You may call it a sharp trade. The recording angel writes it down on the ponderous tomes of eternity "Mr. So and so, merchant in Water street or in Eighth street or in State street, or Mrs. So and so, keeping house on Pearl street or on Madison avenue or Rittenhouse square or Brooklyn heights or Brooklyn Hill, told one falsehood." You may consider it insignificant, because relating to an insignificant purchase. You would despise the man who would falsify in regard to some great matter in which the city or the whole country was concerned; but this is only a box of buttons, or a row of pins, or a case of needles. Be not deceived. The article purchased may be so small you can put it in your vest pocket, but the sin was bigger than the Pyramids and the echo of the dishonor will reverberate through all the mountains of eternity.

You throw on your counter some specimens of handkerchiefs. Your customer asks: "Is this all silk? No cotton in it?" You answer, "It is all silk." Was it all silk? If so, all right. But was it partly cotton? Then you have falsified. Moreover, you lost by the falsehood. The customer, though he may live at Lynn or Doylestown or Poughkeepsie, will find out that you have defrauded him, and next spring when he again comes shopping he will look at your sign and say: "I will not try there. That is the place where I got that handkerchief." So that by that one dishonest bargain you picked your own pocket and insulted the Almighty.

Would you dare to make an estimate of how many falsehoods in trade were yesterday told by hardware men and clothiers and fruit dealers and dry goods establishments and importers and jewelers and lumbermen and coal merchants and stationers and tobacconists? Lies about saddles, about buckles, about ribbons, about carpets, about gloves, about coats, about shoes, about hats, about watches, about carriages, about books—about everything. In the name of the Lord Almighty I arraign commercial falsehoods as one of the greatest plagues in city and town.

THE LIES OF THE ARTISANS.

In the next place I notice mechanical lies. There is no class of men who administer more to the welfare of the city than artisans. To their hand we must look for the building that shelters us, for the garments that clothe us, for the car that carries us. They wield a widespread influence. There is much derision of what is called "Muscular Christianity," but in the latter day of the world's prosperity I think that the Christian will be muscular. We have a right to expect of those stalwart men of toil the highest possible integrity. Many of them answer all our expectations, and stand at the front of religious and philanthropic enterprises. But this class, like the others that I have named, has in it those who lack in the element of veracity. They cannot all be trusted. In times when the demand for labor is great it is impossible to meet the demands of the public or do work with that promptness and perfection that would at other times be possible.

But there are mechanics whose word cannot be trusted at any time. No man has a right to promise more work than he can do. There are mechanics who say that they will come on Monday, but they do not come until Wednesday. You put work in their hands that they tell you shall be completed in ten days, but it is thirty. There have been houses built of which it might be said that every nail driven, every foot of plastering put on, every yard of pipe laid, every shingle hammered, every brick mortared, could tell of falsehood connected therewith. There are men attempting to do ten or fifteen pieces of work who have not the time or strength to do more than five or six pieces, but by promises never fulfilled keep all the undertakings within their own grasp. This is what they call "nursing" the job.

How much wrong to have a mechanic [illegible] he promised only [illegible] to be able to do [illegible] right to ask [illegible] cannot always [illegible] you may [illegible] I am speaking [illegible] promises that [illegible] keep [illegible] [illegible] that [illegible] Saturday knowing [illegible] able to [illegible] that [illegible] would [illegible] drus and [illegible] hats and shoes, which [illegible] have their part in the lake that burneth with fire and brimstone."

MISSTATEMENTS [illegible]

I next notice [illegible] lies, that is, falsehoods told for the purpose of advancing churches [illegible] for the purpose of depreciating [illegible]. There is no use in asking many a Calvinist what an Arminian believes, for he will be apt to tell you that the Arminian believes that a man can convert himself, or to ask the Arminian what the Calvinist believes, for he will tell you that the Calvinist believes that God made some men just to damn them. There is no need of asking a pedo-Baptist what a Baptist believes, for he will be apt to say that the Baptist believes immersion to be positively necessary to salvation. It is almost impossible for one denomination of Christians, without prejudice or misrepresentation, to state the sentiment of an opposing sect. If a man hates Presbyterians, and you ask him what Presbyterians believe, he will tell you that they believe that there are infants in hell a span long.

It is strange, also, how individual churches will sometimes make misstatements about other individual churches. It is especially so in regard to falsehoods told with reference to prosperous enterprises. As long as a church is feeble, and the singing is discordant, and the minister, through the poverty of the church, must go with a threadbare coat, and here and there a worshiper sit in the end of a pew, having all the seat to himself, religious sympathizers of other churches will say, "What a pity!" But let a great day of prosperity come, and even ministers of the gospel, who ought to be rejoiced at the largeness and extent of the work, denounce and misrepresent and falsify, starting the suspicion in regard to themselves that the reason they do not like the corn is because it is not ground in their own mill. How long before we shall learn to be fair in our religious criticisms? The keenest jealousies on earth are church jealousies. The field of Christian work is so large that there is no need that our hoe handles hit.

THE LIES OF SOCIETY.

Next I speak of social lies. This evil makes much of society insincere. You know not what to believe. When people ask you to come you do not know whether or not they want you to come. When they send their regards you do not know whether it is an expression of their heart or an external civility. We have learned to take almost everything at a discount. Word is sent, "Not at home," when they are only too lazy to dress themselves. They say, "The furnace has just gone out," when in truth they have had no fire in it all winter. They apologize for the unusual barrenness of their table when they never live any better. They decry their most luxurious entertainments to win a shower of approval. They apologize for their appearance, as though it were unusual, when always at home they look just so. They would make you believe that some nice sketch on the wall was the work of a master painter. "It was an heirloom, and once hung on the walls of a castle, and a duke gave it to their grandfather." When the fact is that picture was made by a man "down east," and baked so as to make it look old, and sold with others for ten dollars a dozen. People who will lie about nothing else will lie about a picture. On a small income we must make the world believe that we are affluent, and our life becomes a cheat, a counterfeit and a sham.

Few persons are really natural. When I say this I do not mean to slur cultured manners. It is right that we should have more admiration for the sculptured marble than for the unknown block of the quarry. From many circles in life insincerity has driven out vivacity and enthusiasm. A frozen dignity instead floats about the room, and iceberg grinds against iceberg. You must not laugh outright; it is vulgar. You must smile. You must not dash rapidly across the room; you must glide. There is a round of bows and grins and flatteries and [illegible] and simpering and [illegible] a world of which [illegible] [illegible] Frenchman [illegible] has [illegible]

What [illegible] people [illegible] the [illegible] And [illegible] it strikes them.

LIFE A MASQUERADE [illegible]

[illegible] in the gate of [illegible] of great price. When she died you all gathered lovingly about her, and as you carried her out to rest the Sunday school class she most covered the coffin with japonicas, and the poor people stood at the end of the alley with their aprons to their eyes, sobbing bitterly; and the man of the world said, with Solomon, "Her price was above rubies;" and Jesus, as unto the maiden in Judea, commanded, "I say unto thee, arise!"

But to many, through insincerity, this life is a masquerade ball. As at such entertainments gentlemen and ladies appear in the dress of kings or queens, mountain bandits or clowns, and at the close of the dance throw off their disguises, so in this dissipated life all unclean persons move in masks. Across the floor they trip merrily. The lights sparkle along the wall or drop from the ceiling—a cohort of fire! The music charms. The diamonds glitter. The feet bound. Gemmed hands stretched out clasp gemmed hands. Dancing feet respond to dancing feet. Gleaming brow bends to gleaming brow. On with the dance! Flash and rustle and laughter and immeasurable merry making! But the languor of death comes over the limbs and blurs the sight.

Lights lower! Floor hollow with sepulchral echo. Music saddens into a wail. Lights lower! The maskers can hardly now be seen. Flowers exchange their fragrance for a sickening odor, such as comes from garlands that have lain in vaults of cemeteries. Lights lower! Mists fill the room. Glasses rattle as though shaken by sullen thunder. Sighs seem caught among the curtains. Scarf falls from the shoulder of beauty—a shroud! Lights lower! Over the slippery boards in dance of death glide jealousies, disappointments, lust, despair. Torn leaves and withered garlands only half hide the ulcered feet. The stench of smoking lamp wicks almost quenched. Choking damps. Chilliness. Feet still. Hands folded. Eyes shut. Voices hushed. Lights out!

A Little Girl's Experience in a Lighthouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of the government lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter, four years old. Last April she was taken down with Measles, followed with a dreadful Cough and turning into a Fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain, she grew worse rapidly, until she was a mere handful of bones." Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles, was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, yet you may get a trial bottle free at Flocken's Drug Store.

Height of Cruelty.

Nervous women seldom receive the sympathy they deserve. While often the pictures of health, they are constantly ailing. To withhold sympathy from these unfortunates is the height of cruelty. They have a weak heart, causing shortness of breath, fluttering, pain in side, weak and hungry spells, and finally swelling of ankles, oppression, choking, smothering and dropsy. Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is just the thing for them. For their nervousness, headache, weakness, etc., his Restorative Nervine is unequaled. Fine treatise on "Heart and Nervous Diseases" and marvelous testimonials free. Sold and guaranteed by Denison & Co., and Hoberman & Co.

On Dreams.

Life is [illegible] a varied dream,
Wh[illegible] hopes teeming,
And [illegible] ourselves awake
We do but dream we are not dreaming
—New York Herald.

Skipped Berlin.

Wickle—You say you did not do Berlin on your trip abroad?

N[illegible]—No. My sister is over there learning how to sing.—Brooklyn Life.

An Orator.

She—Mr. Hort[illegible] has considerable powers of oratory, I understand.

He—Yes; his gesticulation is faultless.—[illegible]

The following item has been going the rounds of the press, and as our druggist, Flocken, handles the goods, it may interest our readers: Having had occasion to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it gives me pleasure to state that I found it to be the best medicine for a cough I ever used in [illegible] cured me of a cough that had baffled [illegible] other cough medicines.

N. R. B[illegible], Atalissa, Iowa.

The Father of Engine Drivers.

A[illegible] P[illegible], the father of engine drivers in France, has had the Cross of the Legion of Honor awarded him by M. Carnot for long and meritorious service. In 1832 this veteran drove the first locomotive made in France, over the line from Saint Etienne to Rouen, and also conducted the first engine on the railroad from Paris to Saint Germain. Ponot, who is 77 years of age, has had fifty-eight years of engine driving.—London Tit-Bits.

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills [illegible] cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid [illegible] constipation. Unequaled for men, women, children. Smallest, mildest, surest. Fifty doses, 25 cents. Samples free, at D[illegible] & Co.[illegible] and Hoberman & Co.

Always at [illegible]

"Well, there's [illegible]," he said [illegible] were discussing the w[illegible] "[illegible] be cheaper next summer."

"Well, perhaps."

"[illegible] perhaps about it. There's [illegible] the north this winter. Yes [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The First Step.

[illegible]

[illegible] a bottle. Price [illegible] at Flocken's Drug Store.

Peculiar

Many peculiar points make Hood's Sarsaparilla superior to all other medicines. Peculiar in combination, proportion, and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the full curative value of the best known remedies of the vegetable kingdom. Peculiar in its strength and economy—Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which can truly be said "One Hundred Doses One Dollar." Medicines in larger and smaller bottles require larger doses, and do not produce as good results as Hood's. Peculiar in its medicinal merits, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown, and has won for itself the title of "The greatest blood purifier ever discovered." Peculiar in its "good name at home"—there is now more of Hood's Sarsaparilla sold in Lowell, where it is made, than of all other blood purifiers. Peculiar in its phenomenal record of sales abroad, no other preparation has ever attained such popularity in so short a time, and retained its popularity and confidence among all classes of people so steadfastly.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is Peculiar to Itself

Do not be induced to buy other preparations, but be sure to get the Peculiar Medicine,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CURES Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation
A.A.--Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
B.B.--Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C.C.--Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
D.D.--Bots or Grubs, Worms.
E.E.--Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F.F.--Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G.G.--Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H.H.--Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I.I.--Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J.K.--Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.

Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00

Sold by Druggists; or Sent Prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on Receipt of Price.

HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO.,
Corner William and John Sts., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for **Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,** and Prostration, from over work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO.,
Cor. William and John Sts., N. Y.

OSWI CATARRH REMEDY

[illegible] OSWI CATARRH REMEDY [illegible]

Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co., Marion, O.

[illegible] Month [illegible] suffer from Excessive or [illegible]; they don't know [illegible] to get proper advice. [illegible] anybody but try

Bradfield's Female Regulator

a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, [illegible] and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION.

Book "[illegible]" mailed free. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga. [illegible] Druggists.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

Sold at Flocken's drug store.

Wood's Phosphodine.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Used for 35 years by thousands successfully. Guaranteed to cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all the effects of Youthful folly and the excesses of later years. Gives immediate strength and vigor. Ask druggists for Wood's Phosphodine; take no substitute. One package, $1; six, $5, by mail. Write for pamphlet. Address The Wood Chemical Co., 131 Woodward ave., Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Marion by H. C. Hoberman & Co., Druggists.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,

Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

[illegible]

Sold by Druggists.
PRICE $1.00.

FOR RENT—April 1st, 1891. 11 room dwelling house, well located, on east South street; large cemented cellar, wood-house, well, cistern, etc.
88t1 CHASE & HUNTER.

FOR RENT—A good house in west Marion, near the shops for $100 per year, payable monthly. Possession given immediately. Call on H. Ackerman, music store. 91tf.

FOR RENT—A good house of seven rooms, good well, cistern and all conveniences. Enquire of Mrs. E. S. Bull, 292 South East street. Also furnished rooms for rent. 76tf

FOR RENT—Dwelling house on north East street. Will also have a second house for rent April 1st. Inquire of James Halloy. 99tf

FOR RENT—April 1st, two fine rooms fronting on Main street above People's store, and several rooms in new Kendrick block fronting on Center and East streets. Inquire at People's store. 101tf

FOR RENT—Two rooms in the Keller portion of the Centennial block, third floor. Call on J. L. Emett, Marion, O. 110t3

FOR RENT—The following houses. Central location. Possession April 1, 1891:
3 rooms 3d floor, Center st. $5 00 per mo.
4 room house 1st floor 9.00 " "
5 " " " " 11 00 " "
" " " South East st. 12.50 " "
" " " Bain avenue 10 00 " "
104tf J. G. LEFFLER, the Grocer.

FOR SALE—Good family driving mare; also yearling colt. Call on or address J. Elliott at office of Elliott, Blanch & Co., Marion, O. 103tf

FOR SALE—My residence, No 635 north East street, splendid location, best water, good barn, good neighborhood, every convenience. Call on O. A. Busard at the sulky factory. 103tf.

FOR SALE—House of seven rooms on Silver street, two doors west of Oak street. Inquire of Mrs. H. E. Barnhart, 593 east South street. eod103tf

FOR SALE—Family carriage horse, good driver, safe and sound in every way. Inquire of Mrs. H. M. Barnhart, east Center street. 100tf

FOR SALE—A house and lot and vacant lot, cheap, corner east South and Grand avenue. Inquire of John Cull. 100tf.

FOR SALE—Cheap if sold soon, east Center street house and lot—House ten rooms, five closets, pantries, etc. Lot 63x225 ft., good well and cistern, choice fruit, apples, cherries, grapes, pears, etc. Fine location, two doors east of new Methodist church. Apply to John F. Uhler, Akron, O., or Mrs. John F. Uhler at home. 101t6awk.

M. B. CHASE—Now offers his property for sale or exchange; finest location in Marion, lot 110x173, brick house, 7 rooms, summer kitchen, large barn, fruit and shade trees. Price $7000. Will trade for farm property in part; this is very cheap. See Chase & Hunter. 199tf

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Come and see the Shaking Quakers at City Hall Friday evening.

Will English made his friends here a visit today. He is working at Akron.

James Emmet left on C. and E. train 3 for Douglas, Wyoming, Sunday night.

Many beautiful and useful articles for sale at City Hall Friday and Saturday evenings.

Mrs. John Essex, who has been quite sick for the past few days, is reported as some better.

Miss Ada LeFever and Miss Kate Hopkins, of Green Camp, spent Sunday in this city.

Budge Bartram spent Sunday with his parents here, after a two weeks' trip on the road.

Ray Livingston, Harry Barker and Rollie Shutes were entertained by Galion ladies in that city Sunday.

Will Aronhalt left this forenoon for Durbin, where he will work as extra telegraph operator for the Erie.

Col. Sargent has booked "Little Nugget" for April 6th. The well-known Cawrhorns will be here with the company.

Albert Cummins, formerly a Marion boy but now of Columbus, is visiting his parents and numerous friends in this city.

H. S. Walker's family left last week for their former home at Malta, Ohio. Mr. Walker left today to join them at that place.

Monroe Haines has returned home from Philadelphia, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Carrie, who was taken sick at that city.

The Elks are going to a great deal of expense to please the show going people of Marion, and a good house should greet them Tuesday night.

Brakeman Busby, of the C. and E., had the misfortune to get his hand in the bumpers of a car and badly mashed, at Markel, Ind., this morning.

Mrs. A. C. Davis, of Kenton, is visiting in the city, a guest at the home of her cousin, Mrs. E. N. Coil, on Chase street. Mrs. Davis will remain here a greater part of this week.

Handsome Will Garberson, of the Wm. Bingham hardware house of Cleveland, was in the city today. Garberson's friends are delighted every time his business brings him here.

Supt Powell reports the schools to have opened in excellent order today. Mrs. Osborne, one of the Central building corps of teachers, has not yet gotten home. Miss Nellie Edwards fills the vacancy.

Gottlieb Merkle and Jacob Zachman were at law this morning before Squire Payne and a jury. Merkle sued Zachman for the difference in book accounts between the two men to the amount of about two dollars, and which the latter claimed he did not owe.

Mrs. James Dickson died Saturday last at the home of her husband, in Tully township, at the age of about 50 years. She was a popular and much respected lady of that part of the county. Her death was caused from the effects of la grippe. The funeral services occurred Sunday.

OUT OF SIGHT.

The People's Verdict on "A Royal Pass" Last Evening.

[Newark Advocate, March 12, '91.]

A fairly good audience last night greeted George C. Staley in "A Royal Pass" at the opera house. At no time has a play brought such words of general approval from the audience. In making up the cast of characters, a master hand shows itself; it could not have been better with the material at hand. All were able, with their matchless playing, to interest and entertain the cultured part of the house and silence the "gallery rat," a sure exponent of their success from the least in the cast to the grandest. To mention one of the players without the rest would be a deception and a gross injustice to the ones omitted. We cannot pass the stage effects by, however, without special mention. We have never seen them equaled on the stage of the size of these in Newark. The engine scene was positively the most realistic stage effect which we have ever witnessed. The escaping steam, glaring headlight, clanging bells, the engine men in their places and the peculiar rumbling noise of an engine brought out with startling clearness. For a moment you forget that what you see is only a play and the people, "merely players." Instinctively as you take in the vivid situation, with clenched hands and every fiber of your nervous system strung to the highest pitch you rise to your feet. Settling back into your chair you wonder how you took such an interest in the play. We feel assured that should this company ever visit our city again they will be met with an overflowing house.

Ohio Sunday School Convention.

A district convention, under the auspices of the Ohio Sunday School Association, will be held at Kenton, O., March 24th and 25th, 1891. The counties to be represented are Hardin, Crawford, Marion, Morrow and Wyandot. This convention is to be one of twenty-four conventions held throughout the state at about the same time. Let all Sunday school workers attend and hear what others have to say about Sunday school work. The following program will be carried out as far as possible, the speakers being chosen from each of five counties:

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 24TH.

2:00—Prayer for God's blessing on the conventions.
2:30—The purpose of Sunday school convention.
3:00—Essentials of success in Sunday school work.
3:30—How to secure better Bible study.
4:00—Special topic. (To be chosen.)
4:30—Assignment of delegates, appointing of committees, etc.

TUESDAY EVENING.

7:00—Song and prayer service.
7:30—The object and aims of the State Association. Offering for state work.
8:00—The Sunday school as a power in the world.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

9:00—Consecration and prayer.
9:30—Five-minute reports from counties.
10:00—The Bible: How to study and teach it: (1) Searching the scriptures; (2) Teachers' meetings; (3) Normal classes; (4) Blackboard and object teaching; (5) "How Jesus Taught."—Bible reading.
12:00—Adjournment. Lunch at church. (Optional.)

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

2:00—Prayer and testimony.
2:30—Primary work:
(1) Difficulties and how to overcome them; (2) Conference—My Plan. No one to take over five minutes.
3:30—Temperance—How best to teach it in Sunday school.
4:00—The model teacher—In school and out.
4:30—Value of house to house visitation.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

7:00—Song service.
7:20—Prayer for Sunday school work, in the world, our state, our school, my class.
7:40—Methods and value of organized work.
(1) In the state; (2) In the county; (3) In the township.
8:10—Our next State Convention. Time, place, special features, etc., delegates, who and how many? Offering for state work.
8:30—Address and question box. (Topic to be chosen.)
9:00—Gathering up the Fragments—By the president of the convention. Adjournment.

Enforcing the Prohibition Laws.

BISMARCK, N. Dak., March 23.—The sheriff yesterday raided Shibley's saloon, arrested the proprietor and seized five cases of beer and several jugs of wine. This is the first effort in the direction of enforcing prohibition laws since the adjournment of the legislature. A strong organization has been formed here and in other towns for wiping out the saloons. The place raided yesterday was the scene of the shooting affray a week or so ago.

Ladies, go to the New York Store in the Fisher Block, west Center street, and get a pair of genuine Dongola kid button shoes and a pair of good rubbers, both pairs for $1.98.

The Elks will rehearse their show this evening, and assure all that they are prepared to please the public with their wit and music.

Progressive euchre has given place to progressive tiddledy winks. A new supply at the Marion Bazar. d1awk

The opera orchestra will furnish the music Wednesday evening at the performance of "A Royal Pass."

The Elks will benefit Tuesday evening, buy tickets and get your seats reserved.

DEAD TO RIGHTS.

Caledonia Citizens Catch a Home-talent Burglar in a Dry Goods Store.

There was some little excitement over at Caledonia today, when it was learned that a citizen of that place had been captured in the act of burglarizing a dry goods and grocery store. Between two and three o'clock this morning R. Thew left his home to take a Big Four train to Cleveland, and while on his way to the depot he saw a man strike a match in the store room of Pitman & Irwin. Hastening to the depot, he sent a messenger to the home of Marshal Patten and then to inform the proprietors of the store. The men were all on hand in a few minutes and two entered the building and the others stood guard. The burglar was heard in the cellar and an order from one of the men to shoot brought a response from the thief, who volunteered to come out. He promptly did so, when the men discovered to their surprise that the burglar was one of their own townsmen, William Williams. He had entered the cellar through a coal schute from the street, and had then worked his way through a trap door to the store room above. Williams said that he had gone into the cellar after coal, but his presence in the main building and the finding afterward of a small amount of dry goods and other articles in the cellar belied this statement. He was locked up to await a preliminary hearing, which was to have been given him some time today.

Williams is a married man and has two young daughters just in their teens, besides many highly respected relatives. He, however, has borne the reputation of a petty thief in the community. The man is one of the finest mechanics in the country, and is something of an inventive genius, being the patentee of several inventions in connection with his business as a wagonmaker, as well as others. Whisky brought him to a low ebb, however, until he became a roustabout for saloons a great portion of his time.

A SALOON ROW

In Which a Grunidtisch is Assaulted With a Beer Glass.

Samuel Malloy and Thomas Flannagin created a disturbance Saturday evening, at the saloon of B. F. Bogard, north of the railroad on Main street. A. Grunidtisch, the bartender at the place, was struck by Malloy with a beer glass, which inflicted a painful wound on that gentleman's head. Malloy ran out after the assault and the bartender threw a pitcher through the window at him, but only succeeded in smashing things up.

Both Malloy and Flannagin were arrested shortly afterward by Policemen Masterson and Palmer, and remained in the city prison until this morning. Grunidtisch appeared before Mayor Dudley this morning and swore out a warrant against Malloy for assault, and Bogard proceeded similarly against Flannagin for being drunk and disorderly. The two men plead guilty to the charges and were sent back to prison to await sentence.

Do not forget the Easter sale at City Hall Friday and Saturday evening.

The Elks benefit Tuesday night.

TURF NOTES.

The famous trotting mule owned at Mendon, O., will be campaigned next summer. He can trot close at 2:30.

Illinois has 66 towns that hold trotting meetings—more than any other state. Iowa has 54, Indiana 53, Kentucky 21.

J. G. Davis, manager at Highlawn farm, Lee, Mass., recently made a friendly wager that ten of the get of Alcantara would enter the 2:30 list the coming season.

C. J. Hamlin predicts that Belle Hamlin will do a mile this year in 2:10. She has been put in training for the summer's work, and is in better condition than she ever was.

The Engemans have sold and transferred the Clifton (N. J.) race track to Charles H. Ford for $115,000, and have bid good-by to New Jersey as the field of their racing operations.

Where there was one trotting circuit in successful operation ten years ago there are three today, and where there was one track of some merit it is safe to say there are ten now.

Budd Doble says that the talk of Nancy Hanks having been fired is "fudge pudge." She was blistered on her forward legs, and Doble has no doubt of her ability to stand training the coming summer.

The trotting stock owned by Gen. R. L. Howard, of Buffalo, headed by Wilkie Collins, and numbering ninety head of finely bred animals, was sold to W. J. White, of Cleveland, for $60,500.

C. H. Nelson is at present handling what he considers the fastest colt he ever saw in New England. He is by Dictator Chief and will be two years old in May. He has three by this horse that, barring accidents, will enter the 2:30 list this season.

William Simpson, of New York, has purchased from E. A. Collins, the well known trotting horse breeder of West Tennessee, the 4-year-old bay colt Captain Mack for $26,000. Captain Mack is by Nutwood, dam Rapidan, by Dictator, and can go in 2:20.

The kite track at White River Junction, Vt., will be the scene of this year's meeting of the Vermont Association of Trotting Horse Breeders. Purses and premiums aggregating $70,000 will be hung up, and the meeting will occur in the last week in August.

Sunol is said to have grown and filled out wonderfully since her return to the coast, and in consequence looks to have straightened up on her hips in part, outgrowing the peculiar conformation. She has also outgrown to a wonderful degree her very nervous temperament.

Charles Ridgely, of Springfield, Ills., has purchased the stallion Chitwood, a 6-year-old chestnut, by Nutwood, dam Margaret Wilkes, by George Wilkes. This animal is described by a veteran horseman as the most perfectly formed animal he ever saw, and report says the price paid was $15,000.

A Daring Project.

One of the features of the coming electrical exhibition at Frankfort-on-the-Main will be the transmission of power on a scale hitherto never attempted. When it was announced some months ago that it was proposed to transmit 100 horse power from Lauffen-on-the-Neckar to Frankfort, a distance of more than one hundred miles, the statement was received with smiles of incredulity, but now it seems quite probable that not only will the experiment be tried, but that it will succeed, in spite of the engineering difficulties that have to be surmounted.

The government has been asked to supply line for the purpose, and on the system used the expense will not necessarily be at all severe, for the use of very high potential alternating currents is the feature of the scheme as at present planned. The alternating generator will supply a step-up transformer, that in turn will transmit its secondary current at an enormously high potential along the line, to be re-transformed by a step-down transformer at Frankfort to a potential practicable for an alternating motor. A series of experiments carried out recently at Oerlikon involve the use of pressures as high as 33,000 volts on the line.

At such a potential the current transmitted becomes so small that the line is a relatively small factor in the losses incurred, even though it be of the extreme length proposed. Nothing can better illustrate the characteristic advantages of the alternating system than this beautiful process of generating and utilizing currents at a moderate potential and transmitting them from station to station at a pressure so enormous that the losses in transit become insignificant.—Electrical World.

Greek Must Go.

The most dangerous attack on Greek in the schools and colleges yet seen was made the other day in England at a meeting of the head masters of the Eton, Harrow, Rugby, Winchester, Westminster, Charter House, St. Paul's, Clifton and other schools—one of their usual annual or semi-annual gatherings. It was led, or in fact made, by Mr. Welldon, the head master of Harrow. He advocated the abolition of obligatory Greek both at school and college and the substitution of science or modern languages, on two grounds.

The first was the need of adapting education to individual tastes and capacity. The second—in the interest of Greek study itself—was that the Greek language might be left in the hands of those who really loved it, and could cultivate it with success—to a sort of classical elite, in short, who would rescue it from its degraded condition as the bugaboo of dunces and sluggards. There was a good deal of discussion, pro and con, which elicited nothing very new, but Mr. Welldon came within two votes of carrying his resolution, this adverse majority being obtained by the adhesion of two of the smaller schools.

We doubt if anything so ominous for Greek has yet occurred, for the English public schools are its stronghold today, and indeed England may be said to be its main champion. It has never struck such deep roots in education and general culture on the continent or in this country.—New York Nation.

The Iron Port of the World.

Escanaba is the county seat of Delta county, Mich. It lies at the foot of the great pine forests and overlooks Little Bay de Noquet, the head waters of Green bay. Five years since it was practically a village in the wilderness.

According to Mr. Nursey's carefully written report, capable of the fullest verification, Escanaba is the greatest iron port of the world. He tells us that during the navigation season of 1890 it shipped 3,700,000 tons of iron ore, or nearly double that of all the ore ports of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota combined. Its lumber output amounted to about 120,000,000 feet, while the freight capacity of the vessels entering and clearing from its port exceeded 8,000,000 tons. This compares with the tonnages of the greatest seaports of the world, which are: (1) London, 19,000,000; (2) Liverpool, 14,000,000; (3) New York, 11,000,000, and next comes Escanaba with 8,000,000 tons.—Iron.

Round the World in Eighty Days.

The first of the new vessels of the Canadian Pacific line, built to establish communication between Vancouver and Japan, has left Liverpool for Vancouver, and she takes with her a number of passengers at an inclusive charge of £120 for an all-round-the-globe trip. The vessel is a magnificent specimen of the skill of the English shipbuilder. Her complement of passengers is full, and these glorified trippers are timed to be back in England within eighty days after their departure from Liverpool. They will go by way of the Suez canal and the Indian and Pacific oceans, and will cross Canada on the Canadian Pacific line.—London Tit-Bits

The Duty on Imported Gas.

The treasury department has approved the action of the collector of customs at Buffalo exacting duty on natural gas imported into that district in pipes under the Niagara river from the interior of Canada. Assistant Secretary Spaulding has informed the collector that no objection is perceived to the course suggested by him of requiring daily entries of estimated quantities and the liquidation at the end of the months according to the quantities shown by the returns of the meter.—Washington Star.

Sounded Like a Cyclone.

Two young men of the city are said to have gone out walking a day or two since, when they chanced to stroll near the old pond place above the upper factory. They heard something like a cyclone and were very much alarmed until they approached the old dam, under which was a square hole which was originally left to draw off the pond occasionally. In this was seen five large serpents which were standing upright and hissing most vigorously.—Athena (Ga.) Leader.

FAMOUS MARCHES.

Lord Peterborough's wonderful march over the Catalan mountains for 250 miles in the depth of the severe winter of 1705-6 has been immortalized by Pope.

In 1710 the Duc de Vendome marched from Talavera, covering 100 miles in four days, swimming the flooded Henares and utterly routing the unprepared British at Brihuega.

The celebrated march of Gustavus Adolphus through northern Germany in 1631 gave rise to the saying that "the Snow King," as he was called by his enemies, "had become an avalanche."

In his march from York, to meet William the Conqueror at Hastings, the Saxon King Harold covered 250 miles in five days—a most remarkable feat when we remember what the roads of Saxon England were like.

In 1396 Sultan Bajazet advanced with such amazing speed on the Christian confederates near Nikopolis that an old historian speaks of it not as "a march but a leap." The distance covered was 115 miles in two days.

The Kalmuck Tartars, at the outset of their memorable flight from Russia to the Chinese frontier, in 1771, accomplished the 315 miles between the Volga and the Ural, over a snow covered plain, in seven days—an average of forty-five miles a day.

The greatest march on record during ancient times was that of the Lacedemonian infantry from Sparta to Marathon, 490 B. C. They marched 150 miles over almost roadless country in three days, under a fearful weight of helmets and breastplates.

Frederick the Great at one time, in 1759, marched his army for fifty hours with only two intervening halts of two hours each. Again, in 1760, he kept his army marching for ten hours on one of the hottest days of the year without a single halt, nearly 300 of his men dropping dead.

William, after defeating one body of Saxon rebels at Stafford, crushed another near York before even the news of his coming reached them, and then, shooting like a cannon ball across the whole breadth of England, he overwhelmed the invading Welsh under Blethwallon, near Chester.

Claudius Nero during the second Punic war, in 207 B. C., suddenly abandoned his watch of Hannibal's army in Apulia, hastened by forced marches into Umbria, defeated Hasdrubal on the Metaurus, 200 miles from his starting point, and was back in Apulia before Hannibal had time to discover his absence.

In 201 B. C. Hannibal in his retreat upon Carthage after the fatal battle of Zama marched so quickly that he reached Adrumetum, sixty-three miles from the battlefield, between sunrise and sunset, while the pursuing Romans are said to have accomplished sixty miles of the journey in the same time.—Post-Dispatch.

SNAP SHOTS.

Miss C. W. Barnes has completed several fine photographs for the Vienna exhibition.

An Australian photographer is reported to get excellent pictures of objects at a distance of sixteen miles.

Le Moniteur, in its issue of Feb. 1, has a long illustrated article giving a description of the method for making multiple photographs of one negative.

In order to remove stains on the hands caused by using pyrogallic acid, English photographers use a solution of diluted hydrochloric acid 1 to 5.

The first photograph taken in America was taken by Professor Morse on the site of the present Morse building, corner of Beekman and Nassau streets, New York.

A feature of a recent meeting of the Photographic society of Philadelphia was the exhibition of lantern slides made by Japanese photographers and colored by native artists.

Charles D. Kirkland, a photographer of Denver, Colo., has, after two years' experimenting, made an emulsion which permits the use of paper costing $6 a ream, instead of using the best quality, which formerly cost $44.

Competent advices from expert photographers in Paris show that the photographs of colors said to be obtained by Professor Lippman are mere ghosts of color, only observable by twisting the plate at different angles and viewing it by reflected light.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

It is reported that Joseph Murphy will retire from the stage next season.

Sara Bernhardt receives $600 a performance during her present American tour, and a certain percentage on all profits exceeding a given sum.

Sheridan and Flynn, the latter the author of that musical gem, "Down Went McGinty," are at the head of a variety organization of their own this season.

Tony Hart is said to be incurably sick, and the medical officers of the insane asylum in which he is placed say that his death may be expected in a very brief time.

Mrs. John Drew has been on the stage for sixty-two years. She is 71 years old, and when a child of 9 she appeared in several plays in the Louisville theatres. She was born in London.

Denman Thompson and "The Old Homestead," after four years at the Academy of Music, New York city, will play the season of 1891-92 in Boston, Providence, Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Chicago.

Mark Price, of Robert Mantell's company, had his sachel stolen on a New York Central train. The sachel contained the manuscript of his play "Branded," and he warns managers not to purchase the piece.

STRANGE BUT TRUE.

A Salt Lake City editor who is blind is to have his eyes replaced by those of a rabbit.

There is a house in Fayette, Mo., ninety years old, in which, it is said, four generations of the same family have lived, and yet only one death has occurred in it.

Little Wallace Chapman, a 4 year old Kansas City boy, has a most wonderful memory. He recently repeated, verbatim, a nineteen stanza poem after hearing it read aloud three times.

Dr. Goropins, of the French academy, once made a professional examination of a 13-year-old girl who was 10 feet 4 inches in height. She was probably the tallest woman of her age that ever lived.

An old colonial statute has been unearthed in Georgia which requires ministers to read from their pulpits, at least four times a year, the public laws, so that the people may understand them.

At an examination of candidates for positions on the Brooklyn police force one of them was rejected because he said that James G. Blaine was president of the United States and Grover Hall governor of New York.

Personal.

Dear Bro Meek, Ed. "The Central Methodist," Catlettsburg, Ky

I see in the last "Central" that you want a sick headache remedy. I suffered from sick headache, almost from infancy, and tried every remedy I could get, but never found anything to do me good until I used Simmons Liver Regulator. I feel for any one that suffers with that terrible disease, and I hope you will give it a trial.

C. S. MORRIS, Brownsville, W. Va.

Shop.

When first she gazed on the auctioneer
His heart with love was torn.
"Alas!" cried he, "I greatly fear
I'm going -
going -
gone!"

—Exchange.

A Queer Excuse.

Collector (with subscription list)—I hope you will subscribe a trifle to the new orphanage.

Miser—Nonsense, I'm an orphan myself.—Der Schalk.

Where Ignorance is Bliss.

"But, papa, why do you always smell the oysters before you eat them?"

"I want to see if they are bad."

"But can't you tell by the taste?"—La Lanterne.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Flocken.

A Hitch in the Proceedings.

"Was your elopement a success?"

"Hardly."

"What went wrong?"

"Her father telegraphed us not to return, and all would be forgiven."—Harper's Bazar.

A Plea.

"This life," he sighed, "would seem less rough
If they would only try
To give us gas that's good enough
To read the gas bills by."

—Washington Post.

Visible Evidence.

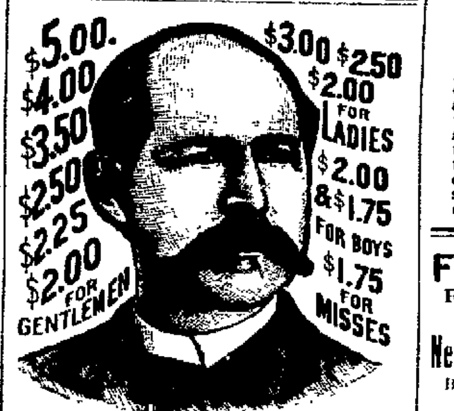
Greene—White, how did you learn to keep books?

White—I never learned. Why?

Greene—I notice you never return any you borrow.—Harper's Bazar.

How to Succeed.

This is the great problem of life which few satisfactorily solve. Some fail because of poor health, others want of luck, but the majority from deficient grit—want of nerve. They are nervous, irresolute, changeable, easily get the blues and "take the spirits down to keep the spirits up," thus wasting money, time, opportunity and nerve force. There is nothing like the Restorative Nervine, discovered by the great specialist, Dr. Miles, to cure all nervous diseases, as headache, the blues, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, fits, and hysteria. Trial bottles and fine book of testimonials free at Denison & Co.'s and Hoberman & Co.'s.



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$3 SHOE and other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, etc., are warranted, and so stamped on bottom. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
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JOHN WANNAMAKER
PAYS A MAN
$10,000. A YEAR
JUST TO WRITE & SUPERINTEND HIS ADVERTISING.
IT PAYS JOHN.
YOU CAN BE ENTERPRISING IN PROPORTION.

A HOUSE
TORN TO PIECES.
The way to avoid such disaster is to employ
M. Dudley
To do your
PAPERING.
All my Wall Paper is new and at prices lower than elsewhere. In fact I am the best prepared of any one in Marion for doing papering. One door west of STAR office, east Center street.

ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

We believe we have a thorough knowledge of all the ins and outs of newspaper advertising, gained in an experience of twenty-five years of successful business; we have the best equipped office, by far the most comprehensive as well as the most convenient system of placing contracts and verifying their fulfillment and unrivaled facilities in all departments for careful and intelligent service. We offer our services to all who contemplate spending $10 or $10,000 in newspaper advertising and who wish to get the most and best advertising for the money.
Geo. P. Rowell & Co.
Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce St., New York.

FRED M. ARNOLD,
Rooms 15 and 16 Kuhns Building,
DAYTON, OHIO.
New York Stocks, Chicago Grain and Oil
Bought and sold on commission. Have telephone connection with most Ohio towns. New York and Chicago correspondence.
Special - Wire - Service!

Local Time Card.

Quick Time! AND THE LOWEST RATES!
ERIE RAILWAY

N. Y., P. AND O. DIVISION.

CITY DEPOT.
[In effect Nov. 16th, 1890.]

WEST.	EAST.
No. 1..........9:10 am	No. 12..........4:20 am
No. 37..........9:30 am	No. 4..........11:0 am
No. 5..........12:25 pm	No. 28..........2:10 pm
No. 3..........10:40 pm	No. 6..........11:30 pm
	No. 22..........8:50 pm

C. AND E. DIVISION.

MARION JUNCTION DEPOT.

DEPART.	ARRIVE.
No. 1..........9:25 am	No. 8..........11:20 pm
No. 5..........12.45 pm	No. 2..........6:50 pm
No. 3..........11.20 pm	No. 12..........4:05 am
No. 33..........6:15 am	No. 30..........6:40 am

Nos. 2, 30 and 33 have no Erie connection.

BIG FOUR.

(In effect on and after Nov. 23, 1890.)

WEST.	EAST.
No. 3..........10:42 a. m.	No. 10..........8:41 a. m.
No. 7..........5.50 p. m.	No. 2..........5:50 p. m.
No. 9..........12:16 a. m.	No. 18..........9:52 p. m.
No. 17..........5.55 a. m.	No. 8..........3.25 a. m.
No. 81, local,..7:50 a. m.	No. 80, local,..2:30 p. m.
No. 83, *M.Ac 8:40 a. m.	No. 82, *M.Ac 8:00 p. m.

*Marion accommodation; runs no farther west than this city.

C., H. V. AND T.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
No. 31..........8 30 am	No. 30..........5 41 am
No. 33..........11 35 am	No. 32..........9 20 am
No. 35..........5 21 pm	No. 34..........1 14 pm
	No. 36..........8 45 pm

All trains run Sunday but 31 and 33. Trains 30 and 37 run only between Marion and Columbus.

DR. SANDEN'S
ELECTRIC BELT
WITH SUSPENSORY FOR WEAK MEN

DEBILITATED through INDISCRETIONS or EXCESSES WE GUARANTEE to CURE by this New IMPROVED ELECTRIC BELT AND SUSPENSORY or REFUND MONEY. Made for this specific purpose, Cure of Generative Weakness, giving Freely, Mild, Soothing, Continuous Currents of Electricity through all WEAK PARTS, restoring them to HEALTH and VIGOROUS STRENGTH. Electric Current Felt Instantly, or we forfeit $5,000 in cash. BELT and Suspensory Complete $5, and up. Worst cases Permanently Cured in three months. Sealed pamphlet Free.
SANDEN ELECTRIC CO., 819 Broadway, New York

ADVICE vs. VICE.
You are not in manly shape, and yet you don't act. Write to us to-day! Delay imperils all! OUR NEW BOOK describes your case. Our Exclusive Methods will cure you, if curable. ALL DISORDERS & WEAKNESSES OF MEN. For limited time Book mailed free. ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y. Don't prefer
VICE to ADVICE.

☞ Job work of all kinds neatly and promptly executed at this office.

JUST ARRIVED ANOTHER NEW LINE OF

CARPETS

AND

Fancy China Mattings!

Something entirely new! The stock is now complete. Patterns and Colors are beautiful. Prices are within the reach of everybody to make their homes nice and attractive.

Geneva Point, Tambour, Turcoman, Silk and Nottingham Lace Curtains; Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Stair and Vestibule Rods. Newest Novelties out at uniform low prices.

D. YAKE.

COAL!

AT LOW PRICES

AT

L. B. GURLEY'S.

OFFICE, NORTH OF JAIL.

TELEPHONE, NO. 67.

GET THE BEST

Hard or Soft

COAL

Linsley & Lawrence

West Street, Between Railroads.

Try Nelson's crushed Java.

Cunningham, the plumber.

See H. N. Love for fire insurance.

Buy sugars at Nelson's Cash Grocery. 103-tf.

Buy your dry goods at Frash's closing out sale.

Frash's closing out sale for your bargains in dry goods.

A party of young men were up from Delaware Sunday evening.

The Easter number of Ladies Home Journal just received at Wiant's. tf

The Odd Fellows will confer the Third degree upon a candidate tonight.

Nelson & Son, sole agents for the Ohio Baking Co's bread. Try it.

The amazon drill is one of the many pleasing features of the Elks benefit.

For nice straw by the bale, call on 21 [illegible] & Howser.

Auction at Ryder's jewelry store every afternoon and evening this week. [illegible]

Twenty-five to fifty per cent saved by buying your dry goods at Frash's closing out sale. 92tf

Take your city maps to W. A. Sellers & Co., south Main street, and get them framed. 103tf

Flowering plants from Blake's garden always on sale at L. E. Rupp's next to postoffice. 68-m,w,stf.

Plants and cut flowers for sale at reasonable prices at the green house at Marion cemetery. 92-mas tf

Get a seat for the "farewell" of Elk minstrelsy. The program is one that none can afford to miss.

The public schools opened the spring term today with a good attendance, there being no perceptible decrease.

Buy the best broom in the market, for price, and get a broom-holder free.
M. Nelson & Son.

The sale of Tiddledy Winks surpasses that of famous Pigs in Clover. Sets with cups, pots and directions at Wiant's. m,w,f,wk

The C., H. V. and T. railway shows net earnings for January of $[illegible], an increase of $[illegible], compared with January, 1890.

The Mincer optical stock has been removed to the doctor's residence on Silver street, where all customers will be waited upon.

A good, big audience was at Music Hall Saturday night, attracted by Frank Jones and his company in "Our Country Cousin."

Remember, everything must be sold regardless of cost. The chance of a lifetime to buy dry goods cheap is at Frash's closing out sale.

An Easter sale will be given by the ladies of the M. P. church, on Friday and Saturday evenings, March 27 and 28th. The sale will consist of domestic, fancy and Easter articles, cut flowers and potted plants. Ice cream and cake will be served during the evening. A special sale of fine cakes will be held on Saturday afternoon and evening.

Martin Lee, of Kenton, Sundayed in Marion.

Auditor Will Clark made a business trip to Cleveland today.

E. Durfee was attacked with the grip Saturday, and had to keep his bed.

Miss Myrtie Sheets is visiting friends and relatives at Richwood for a short time.

W. L. Warner is moving to his handsome new residence on east South street.

Mrs. Dr. Adams has been mentioned among the recent sufferers with severe attacks of the grip.

Bert Walsh, who has been ill for some time, is reported as still being confined to his home.

Mrs. M. V. Payne has been quite sick the past few days at her home on Canal street, but is somewhat improved.

The subject for debate at Quinn Chapel tomorrow night will be, "Resolved that cause is greater than effect."

Sherman Shultz stopped off on his rounds for the Columbus millinery house and spent Sunday with his mother in this city.

C. Williams, who has been visiting at the home of W. H. Eckhart for the past two weeks, returned to his home in Chicago Saturday.

There is not much sickness in Marion at present of a serious nature, but the universal prevalence of colds, on the order la grippe, still continue. This abortive weather is responsible for it.

Miss Mamie Everetts was the guest of Miss Jennie Bartram over Saturday night, leaving Sunday morning for Galion. Mrs. Everetts and family will remove here from Bradford, Pa., in a short time.

The regular monthly meeting of the Marion county Farmers' Alliance occurred at the probate court room Saturday afternoon. The attendance was not large, and no business of especial importance was transacted.

Cooper Relief Corps will meet tomorrow, Tuesday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, in its new hall in Masonic block, on south Main street. Every member is requested to be present, as a subject of importance is to be presented.

The Young Men's Society for Christian Work showed an attendance of over seventy at the meeting Sunday afternoon at the M. E. church. This is the promising organization that expects to work up the Young Men's Christian Association for Marion.

The Frog Club is contemplating a banquet to which the ladies are to be invited. As high livers the Frogs have already established a great reputation, but the members will not be content until they share honors with the Clover Club of the Quaker City.

Theodore Thomas and his great orchestra of sixty-five people took supper at the eating house at the [illegible] Sunday evening. They left New York Sunday morning at 2 o'clock and arrived here at 8:30 in the evening, the train being a fast one all the way through, running from Kent here, [illegible] miles in [illegible] hours and [illegible] minutes. They were bound for Chicago.

Wanted.

Two ladies [illegible] private family. Address X. Y. Z., Marion, stating terms and location. [illegible]

CLEANFAST

HOSIERY.

Called so because the dye is as pure and clean as white. Other dyes are poisonous, but this dye is the only absolutely Fast Black on Cotton ever discovered. And has no effect on it. A still greater test is the perspiration of the feet, which will not change it. It requires no special care in washing; soap can be freely used and it will improve the lustre. The wearing quality is unsurpassed by any other black hose. For sale only by

D. A. FRANK & CO.

LIST OF QUESTIONS

Propounded to a Large Class of Teachers Saturday.

ARITHMETIC.

If $\frac{2}{3}$ of the time past noon is equal to $\frac{2}{11}$ of the time to midnight, what is the hour?

How many acres in a square field, the diagonal being 60 rods?

A can do a piece of work in $\frac{1}{4}$ of a day, B in 1-6 of a day; and C in 12 days, in what time can all three do it working together.

The solid contents of a globe are 12 cu. ft. What the diameter?

A merchant imports 75 cases of indigo, gross weight 200 lb. each, allowing 20 per cent. for tare: What the duty at 5 cents per lb.?

What are circulating decimals?

25 per cent. of 2-5 of an article is how many per cent. of $\frac{1}{4}$ of it?

If 32 per cent. of 75 per cent. of 500 per cent. of a number is 1560, what is the number?

Draw a pentagon, equilateral, triangle, trapezium, frustrum and segment.

My note, which will be legally due in 1 yr., 1 mo., 20 da., is discounted by a banker, at 8 per cent., what rate of interest does he receive?

GEOGRAPHY.

How have the soils of the earth been formed?

Describe Llanos, Selvas, Pampas of S. A.

Describe the river Danube, Niger and Orinoco.

(a) What is a zone of the earth? (b) How many zones are there? (c) Give the names and width of each (in degrees.)

What theory is advanced as a possible cause of volcanoes?

On what latitude is the sun vertical at the winter solstice?

What is meant by the valley of a river?

Through what states do you pass in traveling the U. S. from east to west on the 30th parallel?

What is the difference between an oceanic and a continental island?

Explain in full why the water of the Caspian sea is salt while that in the Black sea is fresh?

HISTORY.

Name the men who led in the debates on the question of the adoption of the Constitution. What position did each take.

What president was tried for misdemeanors in office? What led to the impeachment trial?

State some important events connected with the annexation of Texas.

Name some events in the history of Ohio.

How was the Northwest territory acquired? What states were formed from this territory?

Name the wars of the United States and the cause of each.

How does a bill become a law?

Compare the legislative department of the United States government with that of England.

Who in your opinion are the most prominent characters in United States history? What makes them such?

Mention some recent events of importance.

GRAMMAR AND ORTHOGRAPHY.

Parse emphatic words

How mournful the grave! how deserted the drear! with the howls of the storm-wind, the creaks of the bier, and the white bones all clattering together!

Columbus was a man of great and inventive genius, the operations of his mind were energetic, but irregular, bursting forth at times with that irresistible force which characterizes intellect of such an order. His ambition was lofty and noble, inspiring him with high thoughts, and an anxiety to distinguish himself by great achievements.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Name some modifications of the breath.

What is transudation?

What is lymphatic circulation?

Name the kinds of food.

What is reflex action?

Illustrate the value of physiological knowledge.

How many more bones in the upper extremities than the lower?

How many bones in the trunk?

Trace a morsel of bread through the systems.

Name some essentials to good health.

Suddenly Discovered He Was Wealthy.

ANDERSON, Ind., March 23.—In looking over some old deeds recently, Dr. Mason Hunt of this city discovered that he was heir to about ten acres of land which is now situated in the city of Indianapolis, [illegible] northwest part. The property appears to have been overlooked in the settlement of the estate of Charles Wright [illegible]

[illegible]

Take Notice.

[illegible]

INCOMPARABLE!

"Great Republic" Dress Silks!

350 yards Tuesday morning at exactly the manufacturers wholesale prices. They SELL ON THEIR OWN MERIT in the course of LEGITIMATE BUSINESS. Every yard guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction.

Warner & Edwards.

A Farewell Performance.

The Elk minstrels, like all other stage artists who have attained preeminence, will give a grand farewell performance, the date being set for Tuesday night, at Music Hall. For those who do not understand the reasons for a second performance, an explanation seems needed. So many tickets were sold for the first that all holders could not get seats. Others who counted upon a second night as a matter of fact did not go the first, though they possessed the inspiring curiosity that is aroused by all home talent performances of any note. To gratify these is the chief aim in the Elks' second performance. Certainly it is not a greed for gain financially, for these benefits are not money makers.

Then there was the "Cooking School" that wasn't introduced the first night, and dozens of fresh gags that have been on ice for two weeks, all this must be sprung, and the time for springing is Tuesday night. The best portions of the first performance will be repeated, adorned with new music and garnished with new hits and striking additions. The song and dance and character artists from Columbus are whole shows in themselves and the Amazons will retain their maiden beauty.

Concert.

A grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given at the Christian church, Marion, Ohio, Monday evening, March 23d, 1891, by Prof. J. M. Gast, assisted by his society in music. The program will embrace selections from standard authors rendered as choruses, quintetts, quartetts, trios, duetts and solos.

This will be a fine opportunity of witnessing the ability of the society attained under the directorship of Mr. Gast. Admittance 20 cents for adults, 10 cents for children. Doors open at 7 o'clock, entertainment begins at 8 o'clock. Come one, come all. [illegible]

It's an Old Saying

That when a newspaper springs into life, "it has come to supply a long felt want," and the saying will apply to the new "Buckeye" interchangeable 1000 mile tickets, recently placed on sale by the Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo railway. They are sold at the low rate of $20 and are good over twelve different railroads. Commercial men and others will find them very convenient. For further particulars write or call upon W. H. Fisher, general passenger agent, Columbus, Ohio.

Auction

Tomorrow Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock we will have a special sale for the ladies. All are invited. We have two, 5-piece each, as fine silver plated tea sets as are on the market, that we intend offering for sale at that time. A rare chance for a good bargain. Come, everybody, both ladies and gentlemen. Respectfully, [illegible]
The Jeweler.

Their Own Special Scenery

Manager Sargent has received a letter, a copy of which reads as follows:

Jas. B. Sargent, Manager Marion, Ohio: Have your stage hands clear off every particle of your scenery [illegible] we get there, as we carry all of our own special scenery and trappings [illegible]
[illegible]
Manager Royal Pass.

[illegible]

[illegible]

MUSIC HALL!

J. B. SARGENT. - - MANAGER.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25.

The Favorite German Dialect Comedian, Mr.

GEO. C. STALEY,

The world's greatest Lullaby Singer and Yodler, in his successful comedy,

"A ROYAL PASS!"

Presented by a superb company of players. New and catchy songs.

See the great Locomotive Race!

Regular Working Engines

[illegible]

General Admission [illegible]

Reserved Seats [illegible]

[illegible]

FREELAND'S

WALL PAPER STORE

[illegible] per cent

[illegible]

PHOTOGRAPHERS

[illegible]

PRACTICALLY UNBROKEN!

That is the condition of our Dry Goods stock, which is still the source of the greatest bargains ever offered in Marion. In a full two months' sale there has not been a customer who is not a substantial witness to our claim of a bona fide closing out sale.

ARE YOU

Availing yourselves of what you know to be a rare opportunity? Can you afford to miss the purchase of staple and always seasonable goods at cost and less? That is the way we are still selling them. Nothing is reserved. Everything goes.

FRASH'S Closing Out SALE!

SPRING MILLINERY

WE HAVE A FULL LINE OF

TRIMMED HATS FOR EASTER!

Come in and see them and get prices.

MRS. E. CASTNER,

WITH

W. A. SELLERS & CO.,

Union Block, South Main Street.

DEALERS IN

Wall Papers and Window Shades.
Pictures, Easles, Frames, Etc.

Pictures Framed at Bottom Prices.

WILLIAMS & LEFFLER,

THE LEADING

Merchant Tailors

ARE NOW SHOWING ALL THE

Novelties and Staples of the Season

IN

Fall and Winter Goods!

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

LUMBER

Lumber, Lumber,

CHEAP AT

PRENDERGASTS'.

OYSTERS!

The leading Oyster House in Marion is the

ENGLISH KITCHEN

The best brands on hand, fresh, at all times. Sold by can or [illegible]

B HALL, Proprietor.